

VESDA-E VEA Installation Instructions

These installation instructions provide essential information for installing VESDA-E VEA Aspirating Smoke Detectors in accordance with the system design. Additional installation and product documentation is listed below in the Reference Documents section.

System Components

The detector is shipped with the following components:

- 1 aspirating smoke detector
- 1 mounting bracket
- 1 mounting template for directly mounting the detector to the mounting surface
- 1 End of Line Resistor for the monitored GPI
- 1 installation instruction sheet
- 40 tube inlet blanking plugs (P/N VSP-998)

Prerequisites

- A completed system design.
- A 24V DC Power Supply and backup battery, compliant with local codes and standards.
- Screws and inserts that are appropriate for the installation location.
- Type A to Type B USB Interface Lead, required for initial configuration of the detector.
- Labels as specified in the system design, e.g. Sampling Point labels
- Cable glands that are compliant with the IP rating of the detector.
- Conduit, as specified in the system design.
- 1.1 mm² (18 AWG) or larger wiring for power.
- 0.2 mm² to 2.5 mm² (24 - 12 AWG) wiring for relays.
- A PC or laptop installed with Xtralis VSC for initial configuration.
- Standard connection instructions for where the detectors are to be added to a corporate network.

Standards Compliance

UL and ULC

- **Special Application:** High (1.6%/m [0.5%/ft]) to Standard (8.0%/m [2.5 %/ft])
- **Open Area Protection, 0 to 300 ft/min air velocity:** High (1.6%/m [0.5%/ft]) to Standard (8.0%/m [2.5%/ft])
- **Open Area Protection, 300/1000/2000 ft/min air velocity:** High (1.6%/m [0.5%/ft]) to Enhanced (4.0%/m [1.3%/ft])
- **Open Area Protection, 3000/4000 ft/min air velocity:** High (1.6%/m [0.5%/ft])

Power Consumption (24 VDC Supply)

Model	Average Quiescent	Average Alarm	Peak Current
VEA-040-A00	22 W	35.5 W	3.5 A
VEA-040-A10	23 W	36.5 W	3.5 A

Environmental Requirements

- **Temperature**
 - **Ambient:** 0°C to 39°C (32°F to 102°F)
 - **Sampled Air:** 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F)
 - **Tested to:** 0°C to 49°C (32°F to 120°F)
- **Humidity:** 10-95% RH, non-condensing

Note: Please consult your Xtralis representative for information on operation outside these parameters or where sampled air is continually above 0.05% obs/m (0.015% obs/ft) under normal operating conditions.

Transport Time

Transport time is determined by the length of the microbore tubes used on the detector. There is no provision for the user to adjust the transport time and there is no tube modelling tool required for VEA.

The transport time is given in the table below for various tube lengths.

Maximum Tube Length	Longest Transport Time
30m [98ft]	40 seconds
40m [131ft]	46 seconds
50m [164ft]	53 seconds
60m [197ft]	60 seconds
70m [230ft]	67 seconds
80m [262ft]	74 seconds
90m [295ft]	82 seconds
100m [328ft]	90 seconds

Reference Documents

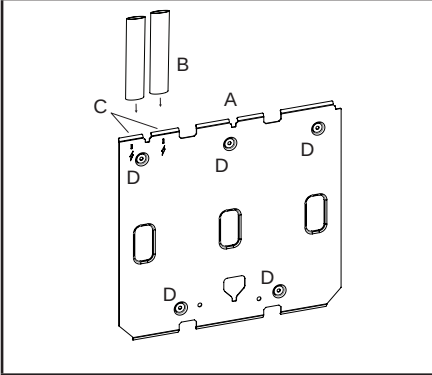
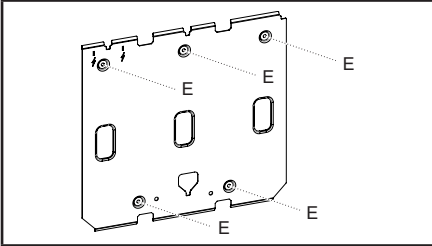
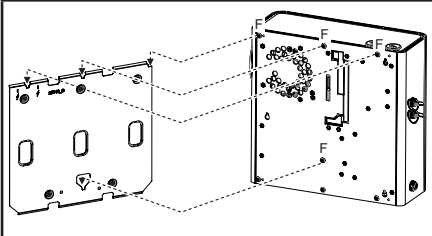
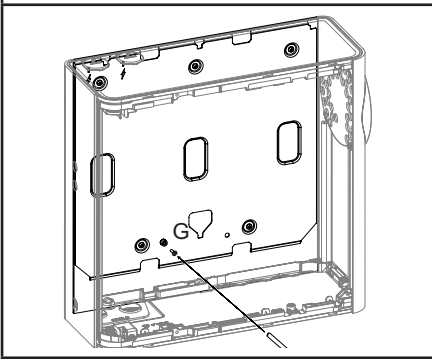
Additional installation and product information is contained in the following documents, which are available for download in the Xtralis partner extranet at www.xtralis.com.

- 27034 - VESDA-E VEA-040-A00 Product Guide
- 27035 - VESDA-E VEA-040-A10 Product Guide

Installation Instructions

The detector must be mounted vertically to a solid surface.

Attach the detector using the mounting bracket

Position electrical conduit, mark pilot holes	 • Position the mounting bracket (A) to allow electrical conduit (B) to line up horizontally with the alignment marks (C). • Mark positions for pilot holes on the mounting surface through five recessed screw holes (D). • Remove the mounting plate and drill pilot holes.
Secure Mounting Bracket	 • Reposition the mounting bracket and secure to mounting surface by screwing the five screws (E) into their pilot holes.
Attach the detector to the mounting bracket	 • Align the four mounting studs (F) on the rear of the detector with the mounting stud slots on the mounting bracket, and slide the detector down until the top of the detector is flush with the top of the mounting bracket.
Secure the detector to the mounting bracket	 • Open the door by inserting an Allen key (preferred), Philips head screwdriver or flat blade screwdriver with the blade vertically oriented into the hole at bottom left and press firmly. • Insert and tighten the locking screw (G). This secures the detector to the mounting bracket. • Insert the electrical conduit.

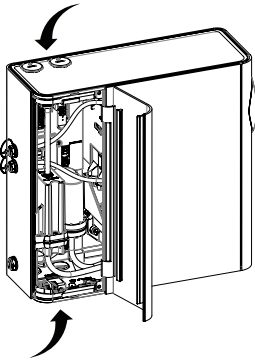
Attach the detector directly to the mounting surface

Use the provided mounting template. Refer to the product guide for further information.

Prepare Detector: Wiring Inlets

Remove the appropriate plugs for electrical cable installation.

- Do not remove the plugs from holes that will not be used.



Note: To remove the cable entry port plugs, place a large screwdriver in the large slot and twist, or use a small screwdriver in the side slots to lever the plug out.

- Feed the electrical wiring connections through the cable entry ports.
- Use the correct cable gland size to fit into the 26 mm (1”) cable entry port. Use correctly rated cable glands to maintain the required IP rating.

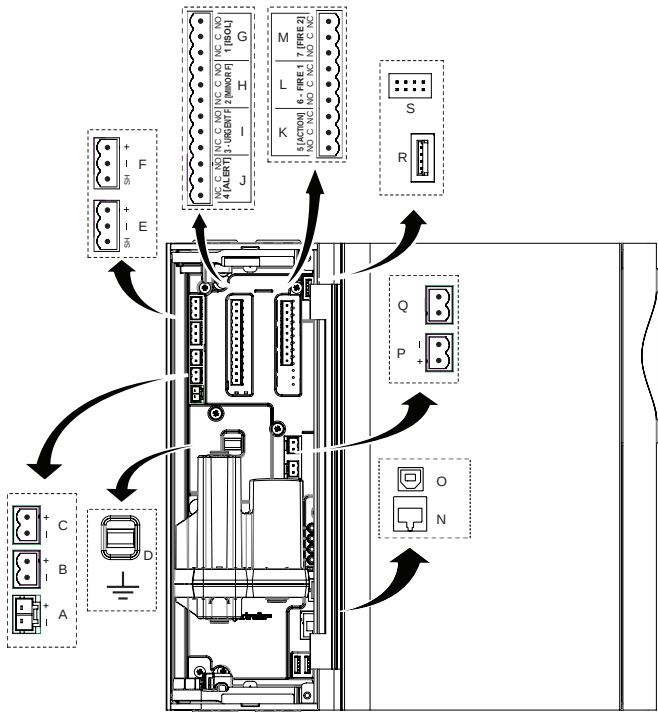
VESDA-E VEA Installation Instructions

www.acornfiresecurity.com

Wiring: Power, Relays, GPI, VESDAnet, Expansion StaX, Relay StaX

Warning: Always disconnect detector power before plugging/unplugging electrical, relay or network connections. Failure to do so may cause data corruption and/or component failure.

Avertissement : Eteignez toujours détecteur avant de brancher/débrancher les relais électriques, ou de connexions réseau. Au cas contraire vous pouvez entraîner la défaillance corruption et/ou élément de données.



Power	
A	EXP (Expansion)
B	RV (Rotary Valve)
C	Power In
D	Ground Reference Terminal
VESDAnet	
E	VESDAnet B
F	VESDAnet A
Relays	
G	1 - Disable (Isolate)
H	2 - Minor Fault
I	3 - Urgent Fault
J	4 - Alert
K	5 - Action
L	6 - Fire 1
M	7 - Fire 2
Communications	
N	Ethernet
O	USB
GPI	
P	Monitored GPI
Q	Unmonitored GPI
Internal Components	
R	Smoke Sensor
Expansion	
S	Data

Power and Relay Wiring

Power: Connect a 24 VDC power supply which is compliant with local fire protection codes and standards to the PWR IN socket (C).

Relays: The relays interface to the Fire Alarm Control Panel (FACP) to communicate faults, alarms and disabled states. Relay contacts are rated 2 A @ 30 VDC, resistive. Connect as required by the system design. Use electrical wire sizes from 0.2 mm² to 2.5 mm² (24 -12 AWG). Refer to the Addressable Loop Module example.

Warning: Ensure that all wiring complies with manufacturer's instructions and local and national fire detection code requirements. Refer to Codes and Standards Information for Air Sampling Smoke Detection section of the detector product guide for further information on wiring compliance.

Avertissement : Verifier que toute les cables ont passé au nombres d'instructions du fabricant et locaux et au feu national de securited'incendie sois exiger. Adresser aux codes informations sur les normes et reglementations de detection de fume par prelevement d'air par le notice descriptive du produit pour plus de renseignements au conformite du cablage.

Caution: DO NOT LOOP WIRE UNDER TERMINALS WHEN WIRING DETECTORS. BREAK WIRE RUNS TO PROVIDE SYSTEM SUPERVISION OF CONNECTIVITY.

Attention : NE PAS RALIER LES CABLES TERMINAUX PENDANT LES CABLAGES DES FILS. POUR TOUTES LES CONNECTIONS A RELAIS, INTERROMPRE LES FILS POUR PERMETTRE LA SUPERVISION DU CABLAGE.

Note: For information on wiring for other types of devices that may be required by the system design, refer to the detector Product Guide and documentation accompanying the device.

Unmonitored GPI

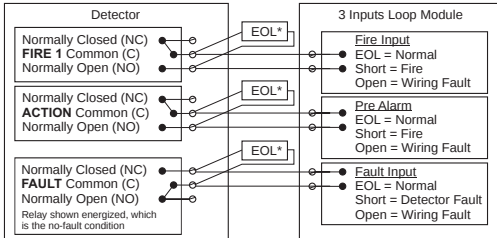
The Unmonitored GPI is a programmable input which can be configured to initiate a number of different actions, including, by default, a Remote Reset function.

Monitored GPI

The monitored GPI senses contact closure and is configurable to initiate the same actions as the unmonitored GPI. "Mains OK" is the default setting. A closed contact signals GPI ON and open contact signals GPI OFF.

A 10K end of line resistor is used to allow the detector to monitor for open circuit faults in the wiring from the detector to the contact.

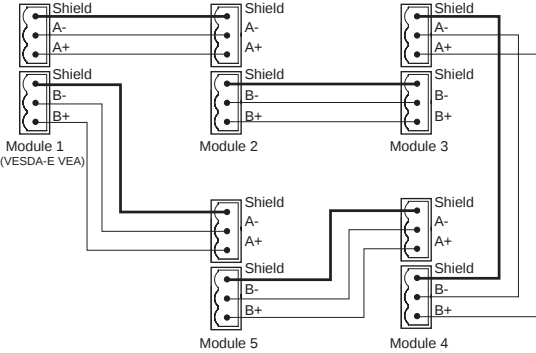
Connection to Addressable Loop Module for Reporting Alarms and Faults



This wiring example is for wiring VESDA detectors to a typical third party Input Loop Module with three inputs.

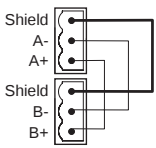
This is an example drawing. Refer to the appropriate product manual for the exact wiring details of the third party equipment.

Connection to VESDAnet



The diagram shows an example of the wiring for a closed VESDAnet loop, which is the recommended configuration. Remove the factory default links from the VESDAnet sockets (E and F) prior to connecting the detector to the VESDAnet. It is recommended that 120 Ohm twisted pair cables (e.g. Belden 9841) be used for including the devices in the network, with a maximum length between devices of 1.2 km. The polarity of the data wires must be maintained throughout the network.

Standalone Detector



The diagram below shows the factory default wiring for VESDAnet sockets (E and F) as required for a detector that is not connected to a VESDAnet.

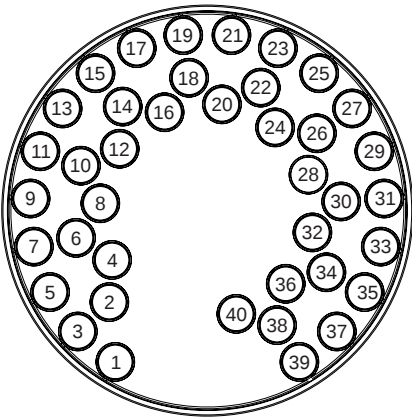
- Leave as is, or replace if it has been removed.

Communications

- **USB:** The USB port (O) is used for initial configuration and local maintenance or servicing of the detector using a PC installed with Xtralis VSC software. Install Xtralis VSC prior to connecting the detector to the computer to ensures that the required USB drivers are present.
- **Ethernet:** The Ethernet port (N) is used for permanent network connection to the detector, and provides a gateway to any other devices on the VESDAnet network. An Ethernet lead can be routed through the cable entry ports and plugged into the Ethernet port. Use a standard Ethernet lead when connecting the detector to a network switch, router or directly to a PC or laptop. Ethernet connection must be configured using a USB connection prior to use. Set the detector access password using Xtralis VSC.
- **WiFi:** The WiFi module allows connection of laptops installed with Xtralis VSC to the detector, and provides a gateway to any other devices on the VESDAnet network. WiFi must be enabled and configured using a USB connection prior to use. Set the detector access password using Xtralis VSC.

Sampling Network

Complete the sampling network installation in accordance with the system design.



All tubes must have equal airflow impedance. This is achieved either by making them all equal in length, or adhering to specifications determined by the VEA Microbore Tube Length Calculator (Document 29261) for combinations of normal and reduced diameter tube configurations. Where the tube length calculator requires a tube to be comprised of a combination of normal and reduced diameter microbore tube, a reducer piece must be used between the two tubes (P/N VSP-1000).

Tube inlets are numbered on the detector (see left). Label each tube corresponding to its inlet. Unused inlets on the detector should be blocked using blanking plugs (P/N VSP-998).

It is recommended that excess tubing be coiled close to the sampling point end, and that an additional 2 to 3 m (6 to 10 ft) of tubing be coiled to allow for future repositioning of the sampling point.

Ensure that Microbore tubes are never glued anywhere in the tube network, including to the inlets of the detector. Tubes can be joined using appropriate joiners.

Ensure that the exhaust is open and that tubes are clear.

Power Up

Connect 24 VDC power to the PWR IN terminal. Close front door.

On power up:

- The Power LED illuminates and the detector runs a series of self-diagnostic tests.
- If there is a fault, the Fault LED illuminates. To identify the fault, check the Active Event List for the detector using Xtralis VSC or iVESDA.
- The pump starts up and air may be felt flowing out of the exhaust port.

Configuration

For initial configuration, use a USB connection and the Xtralis VSC software.

- For networked detectors, set the IP address and subnet mask according to standard building instructions.
- Normalize the airflow. This takes approximately 30 minutes, after which the tube flow rates (%) should be close to 100%.
- Reset the detector. It should now be running without faults.
- If a flow fault is present, the detector will re-scan for flow faults after a Reset is performed. If required, cancel using Xtralis VSC.

Commissioning

- Carry out a smoke test, confirm that the transport time is as expected and test the relays. Refer to the VESDA Commissioning Guide for further information.

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