# Product Environmental Profile

Merten Socket outlet double with shutter





#### **Product Environmental Profile - PEP**

### **Product overview**

The main purpose of the Merten Aquastar Socket Outlet with shutter is used in the below applications,

- Installation in damp and rough environments inside buildings or for outdoor use.
- For all kind of buildings from industry to residential houses
- Light management
- Energy supply with socket-outlets for tools and small machines
- Control & signaling

This range consists of: Socket outlets.

The representative product used for the analysis is Merten Aquastar Socket Outlet with shutter and commercial reference is MTN2320-8029.

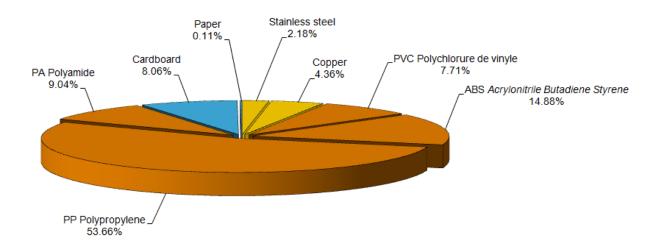
The environmental impacts of this referenced product are representative of the impacts of the other products of the range which are developed with a similar technology.

The environmental analysis was performed in conformity with ISO 14040.

## **Constituent materials**

The mass of the product range is from 200 g and 250 g including packaging. It is 217 g for the Merten Aquastar Socket Outlet with shutter and commercial reference is MTN2320-8029.

The constituent materials are distributed as follows:



# **Substance assessment**

Products of this range are designed in conformity with the requirements of the RoHS directive (European Directive 2002/95/EC of 27 January 2003) and do not contain, or only contain in the authorised proportions, lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium or flame retardants (polybrominated biphenyls - PBB, polybrominated diphenyl ethers - PBDE) as mentioned in the Directive.

# **Manufacturing**

The Merten Aquastar Socket Outlet with shutter product range is manufactured at a Schneider Electric production site on which an ISO14001 certified environmental management system has been established.

## **Distribution**

The weight and volume of the packaging have been optimized, based on the European Union's packaging directive.

The Merten Aquastar Socket Outlet with shutter packaging weight is 17.76 g. It consists of Cardboard (17.52 g) and Paper (0.24 g).

The product distribution flows have been optimised by setting up local distribution centres close to the market areas.

#### **Product Environmental Profile - PEP**

## Use

The products of the Merten Aquastar Socket Outlet with shutter do not generate environmental pollution (noise, emissions) requiring special precautionary measures in standard use.

## **End of life**

At end of life, the products in the Merten Aquastar Socket Outlet with shutter have been optimized to decrease the amount of waste and allow recovery of the product components and materials.

This product range doesn't need any special end-of-life treatment. According to countries' practices this product can enter the usual end-of-life treatment process.

The recyclability potential of the products has been evaluated using the "ECO DEEE recyclability and recoverability calculation method" (version V1, 20 Sep. 2008 presented to the French Agency for Environment and Energy Management: ADEME).

According to this method, the potential recyclability ratio is: 47%.

As described in the recyclability calculation method this ratio includes only metals and plastics which have proven industrial recycling processes.

## **Environmental impacts**

Life cycle assessment has been performed on the following life cycle phases: Materials and Manufacturing (M), Distribution (D), Installation (I) Use (U), and End of life (E).

Modelling hypothesis and method:

- The calculation was performed on the Merten Aquastar Socket Outlet with shutter and commercial reference is MTN2320-8029.
- Product packaging: Is included.
- Installation components: No special components included.
- Scenario for the Use phase: This product range is included in the category Energy Passing product (assumed service life is 20 years)
- The geographical representative area for the assessment is Europe and the electrical power model used for calculation is European model. End of life impacts are based on a worst case transport distance to the recycling plant (1000km)

#### Presentation of the product environmental impacts

Environmental indicators	Unit	Merten Aquastar Socket Outlet with shutter, Ref : MTN2320-8029					
		S = M + D + I + U + E	М	D	I	U	E
Air Acidification (AA for PEP)	kg H+ eq	2.07E-04	1.71E-04	4.84E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.09E-05
Air toxicity (AT for PEP)	m³	3.05E+05	2.51E+05	7.19E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.60E+04
Energy Depletion (ED for PEP)	MJ	2.80E+01	2.54E+01	3.67E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.22E+00
Global Warming Potential (GWP for PEP)	kg CO₂ eq.	1.26E+00	1.08E+00	2.60E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.57E-01
Hazardous Waste Production (HWP for PEP)	kg	2.11E-02	2.11E-02	3.22E-08	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.95E-07
Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP for PEP)	kg CFC-11 eq.	8.57E-08	8.54E-08	4.94E-11	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.98E-10
Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential (POCP for PEP)	kg C₂H₄ eq.	5.83E-04	5.38E-04	5.81E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.92E-05
Raw Material Depletion (RMD for PEP)	Y-1	1.80E-16	1.76E-16	5.32E-19	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.22E-18
Water Depletion (WD for PEP)	dm3	4.70E+00	4.68E+00	2.70E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.63E-02
Water Eutrophication (WE for PEP)	kg PO₄³⁻ eq.	1.90E-04	1.90E-04	4.84E-08	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.92E-07
Water Toxicity (WT for PEP)	m³	7.52E-01	6.74E-01	1.11E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.73E-02

Life cycle assessment has been performed with the EIME software (Environmental Impact and Management Explorer), version 5.3, and with its database version 2013-02.

The M phase is the life cycle phase which has the greatest impact on the majority of environmental indicators.

# System approach

As the products of the range are designed in accordance with the RoHS Directive (European Directive 2002/95/EC of 27 January 2003), they can be incorporated without any restriction in an assembly or an installation subject to this Directive.

Please note that the values given above are only valid within the context specified and cannot be used directly to draw up the environmental assessment of an installation.

#### **Product Environmental Profile - PEP**

# **Glossary**

Raw Material Depletion (RMD)

This indicator quantifies the consumption of raw materials during the life cycle of

the product. It is expressed as the fraction of natural resources that disappear each

year, with respect to all the annual reserves of the material.

Energy Depletion (ED) This indicator gives the quantity of energy consumed, whether it be from fossil,

hydroelectric, nuclear or other sources.

This indicator takes into account the energy from the material produced during

combustion. It is expressed in MJ.

Water Depletion (WD)

This indicator calculates the volume of water consumed, including drinking water

and water from industrial sources. It is expressed in dm<sup>3</sup>.

Global Warming (GW)

The global warming of the planet is the result of the increase in

the greenhouse effect due to the sunlight reflected by the earth's surface being absorbed by certain gases known as "greenhouse-effect" gases. The effect is

quantified in gram equivalent of CO2.

Ozone Depletion (OD)

This indicator defines the contribution to the phenomenon of

the disappearance of the stratospheric ozone layer due to the emission of certain specific gases. The effect is expressed in gram equivalent

of CFC-11.

Air Toxicity (AT)

This indicator represents the air toxicity in a human environment. It takes into

account the usually accepted concentrations for several gases in the air and the quantity of gas released over the life cycle. The indication given corresponds to the air volume needed to dilute these gases down to acceptable concentrations.

Photochemical Ozone Creation (POC)

This indicator quantifies the contribution to the "smog" phenomenon

(the photochemical oxidation of certain gases which generates ozone) and is

expressed in gram equivalent of ethylene (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>).

Air Acidification (AA)

The acid substances present in the atmosphere are carried by rain.

A high level of acidity in the rain can cause damage to forests.

The contribution of acidification is calculated using the acidification potentials of the

substances concerned and is expressed in mode equivalent of H+.

Water Toxicity (WT) This indicator represents the water toxicity. It takes into account the usually

accepted concentrations for several substances in water and the quantity of substances released over the life cycle. The indication given corresponds to the

water volume needed to dilute these substances down to acceptable

concentrations.

Hazardous Waste Production (HWP)

This indicator calculates the quantity of specially treated waste created during all

the life cycle phases (manufacturing, distribution and utilization). For example, special industrial waste in the manufacturing phase, waste associated with the

production of electrical power, etc.

It is expressed in kg.

PEP in compliance with Schneider-Electric TT01 V9.3 and TT02 V15 procedures

PEP established according to PCR PEPecopassport PEP- PCR-ed 1-FR-2009 12 18 rules

35, rue Joseph Monier CS 30323 F- 92506 Rueil Malmaison Cedex RCS Nanterre 954 503 439 Capital social 896 313 776 €

www.schneider-electric.com